

THE NEWS.

"I give my hand to all my race,
My altar, Freedom's sod,
I say my say, and bend my knee
Alone, alone to God."

THURSDAY, - - - APRIL 26.

HON. JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE.

On last Saturday afternoon, this gentleman delivered a speech, in the court-house, in this place, against the Know-Nothings. We did expect, from the high position and character of the speaker, that he would discuss the subject with fairness. We hoped to hear a candid and statesman-like discussion of the principles of the new party. We did not expect to hear an attack upon that party, full of misrepresentation and sophistry, such as might be looked for from an ordinary demagogue. We are sorry to say, that our expectations were utterly disappointed. Principles and purposes were attributed to the American party, which it repudiates; while those which it does entertain were disingenuously concealed or misrepresented. Men of straw were set up and demolished. Phantoms were evoked; and then exorcised by eloquent denunciation. Facts were garbled and perverted, to make out a case against the party in the North; while those, which tended to establish opposite conclusions, were passed over, unmentioned. Space and time forbid an extended review of the speech; a brief allusion to some of its leading points is all we will attempt.

Mr. B. conceded that the Know-Nothing party in the South was not liable to the charge of abolitionism; but assumed, that at the North, it was an abolitionist faction. To make a sweeping charge of abolitionism against a party, in order to render it odious to Southern men, is an old trick of politicians—so old and often resorted to for political effect, that it has become stale. Southern men have ceased to be easily influenced by the hue and cry of abolitionism, raised by interested parties against an opposite party, in order to cast odium upon it. They have generally found, that those raising it, have been quite as ready as their opponents to coalesce and co-operate with Northern abolitionists, whenever political power was to be gained by the coalition.

The proof relied on by Mr. B., to sustain the charge of abolitionism against the Know Nothings of the North, was, that in the recent elections there, in which they were reported to have achieved victories, men opposed to the Nebraska bill were elected to Congress and other stations. He assumed, as the foundation of his argument, and as the sole ground of his charge of abolitionism against the Know Nothing order at the North, that opposition to the Nebraska bill and abolitionism were one and the same; that every opponent of that bill was an abolitionist. This position we flatly deny. We assert that it is a monstrous misrepresentation. What is it in this Nebraska bill that its opponents object to? It is simply and alone the repeal of the Missouri compromise. They are in favor of that compromise, and against its repeal—that is "the head and front of their offending." Does that constitute a man an abolitionist? If so, then, for more than thirty years preceding the year 1854, all the citizens of the United States of all political parties, both North and South, were abolitionists; for until the session of Congress of 1853-4, when it entered into the head of Stephen A. Douglas, to repeal the Missouri compromise, no one ever thought of disturbing it—but, on the contrary, it was approved and sustained by the entire country. If to be in favor and to support the Missouri compromise, is to be an abolitionist, as Mr. B. so confidently asserted before this community; then, James Monroe, the Democratic slave-holding President, whose signature made it the law of the land; and Henry Clay and his Southern and Northern compatriots, who devised it, for the pacification of the country and the salvation of the Union; and General Jackson and John C. Calhoun and all the illustrious statesmen of all parties, who, during more than a quarter of a century, approved of and sustained that compromise, as a just settlement of a great sectional difficulty, were all abolitionists. If, too, the Know Nothings of the North are abolitionists, because they oppose the repeal of the Missouri compromise, then, are John Bell, of Tennessee, Cullom, Garrett Davis, and a host of other Southern statesmen, who are equally opposed to that repeal, also, abolitionists. By such monstrous assumption, did Mr. B. attempt to sustain the charge of incendiary abolitionism against an overwhelming majority of the citizens of the North; and excite Southern prejudice against the American party.

But while Mr. B. paraded the election of Anti-Nebraska members of Congress, by Northern Know Nothings; he took

care not even to allude to the fact, that Horace Greeley, Giddings, Dr. Bailey, and all the ultra political abolitionists of the North are bitterly denouncing the Know-Nothings, as the greatest foes of the abolition cause. The fact, too, that the election of Seward, the arch-abolitionist of the North, to the United States Senate, was bitterly opposed and condemned by more than one hundred and forty thousand Know-Nothings, constituting the proper and legitimate American party of the State of New York, was, also, kept back by Mr. B. Neither did he make mention of the notorious fact, that the political abolitionists, throughout the North, who had intruded themselves into the Know Nothing order, have been everywhere backing out of it. Surely, these facts, so utterly incompatible with Mr. B's position, should have received some share of his attention, in a discussion of the character and purposes of a party, which he admitted had already elected a majority of the members of the lower house in the next Congress.

The truth is, that the Know-Nothing party of the North is farther from being an abolition faction, than any of the other parties, that have preceded it. It has boldly repudiated the unconstitutional doctrines of abolitionism. It gives no quarter to and makes no compromise with the abolition fanaticism of Greeley & Co., which would trample upon the constitutional rights of the South. It has planted itself on the compromises of the constitution; on the Democratic doctrine of State rights; and sworn to defend the Union against all its foes. The party North and South stands on the same well defined platform; and is emphatically the Union party of this nation.

It was on this point, that Mr. Breckinridge most signally failed to meet the just expectations of a large portion of his audience. He did not even allude to the great question, in relation to the Church of Rome, which is now agitating the public mind—to wit: its political pretensions. He well knew that to be the real issue between the Know-Nothings and their opponents. Why, then, did he not meet it? Why did he pass by it, without even a single allusion? Why did he seek to divert the public mind, from the real point at issue, by launching forth into denunciations of the proscription of Catholics, for their religious belief and worship—a thing which had no existence in this country, and the charge of which against the Know-Nothings was utterly false? It was apparent that he regarded the true issue as dangerous ground for him—that he knew he would be swamped, if he entered upon it at all; and, therefore, he deemed it prudent to keep off of it entirely. His sagacious and well-informed mind suggested, that if he attempted to defend the Church of Rome against the charge of aiming to obtain the control of our government, for the purpose of building up itself on the ruins of all others; and of wielding it, to crush the Protestant religion in this country, he would signally fail, and would find himself overwhelmed beneath the weight of evidence against which he would contend in vain. This is the only explanation which can be given of his remarkable silence on the subject, which above all others is now occupying the public mind, in connection with the Know-Nothing movement.

We regret that Mr. B. chose to pursue this evasive course. We would like to have heard the important subject of the political claims of the Church of Rome discussed by such a mind as his. It is one of national significance; intimately affecting the future welfare and destiny of our country; and profoundly interesting to the American people. If it be the policy and aim of the Romish Church to form an alliance with the government of this country, as it has in every country in which it has gained the ascendancy; and to wield the power of the State to crush and exterminate heresy, or rather freedom of conscience, as it does wherever it has the power; it is wise and patriotic, on the part of the people, to open their eyes to the fact; and guard against the danger. It is vain to tell us, as Mr. Breckinridge did, that the Catholics are now a minority in this country, and therefore, there is no danger. As well might he tell the mariner, that there is no danger, when he descends on the edge of the horizon, "the cloud not bigger than a man's hand," the harbinger, to his experienced eye, of the coming storm.

It is not by disparaging the present numbers and power of the Church of Rome in this country, that the people can be lulled into indifference, to its threatening aspect. They have been taught that "eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." They believe that it is wisdom, to meet the threatened danger, while they have the power to resist it

successfully, rather than to wait until resistance shall be too late; until the enemy shall become irresistible.

NATURALIZATION.

Mr. B. took the extraordinary position that the Know-Nothings would accomplish nothing towards the exclusion of foreigners from the rights of suffrage, by the repeal of the naturalization laws. They would still be voters under the State laws. Was not Mr. B. aware, that by the constitutions and laws of all the States, except a few of those carved out of the north-western territory, no foreigner is permitted to vote unless he be a naturalized citizen under the laws of the United States? That being the case, would not the repeal of the naturalization laws, at once, put a stop to the increase of the foreign vote in all those States?—and would that be accomplishing nothing? We strongly suspect that Mr. B. thought it would accomplish too much for the good of his party; it would cut off almost entirely the host of foreign recruits, by whom alone he has any hope of sustaining that party. Hence his anxiety and labored effort to persuade the people to go against it.

The secrecy of the Know-Nothings received "particular thunder" from Mr. B. Alluding to the painful fact that a vast number of Democrats have received an introduction to "Sam," he asked if the ghost of "Old Hickory" should revisit this lower world; if it should burst into a Know-Nothing lodge, in search of stray Democrats, what would he say?—he fancied he saw him cast his indignant glance upon the astounded K. N.'s, and demanding, in a voice of thunder, "By the Eternal, what are you doing here?" We thought what would not the old hero say, sure enough, if his ghost should burst the midnight secrecy of a Sag-Nicht lodge, and see his countrymen cheek by jowl with newly imported Germans, swilling lager beer, and swearing that they were Jackson Democrats. Mr. B. very complacently sanctioned secret caucuses of politicians, to decide the affairs of the party—that was all right. Now, the Know-Nothings do nothing more than open the doors of these secret caucuses to the masses; they call in the people to participate in the deliberations of these caucuses; the politicians no longer have the rule all to themselves. Mr. B. says this is all wrong. It is horrible that the people presume to hold secret political caucuses, as well as the politicians—blood and thunder! the nation, liberty, all—that is the politicians—are ruined, if this be permitted.

Our friends must pardon the unusual amount of political news in this issue, for they will reflect that our cause has been attacked by the great "head and front" of Sag-Nichtism.

Last Monday, we learned from a gentleman, while enquiring of the effects of the speech made by Mr. Breckinridge, that he knew of one good old citizen of Harrison county, who had heretofore acted with the once Democratic party, and who denounced the present faction that opposes the American Reform party, and declares that he will vote the Native American ticket hereafter. Good—"the cry is still they come."

The city authorities and the few native Americans in Chicago are trying to sustain and carry out the laws of the State of Illinois; but the Dutch—the descendants of those hieling Hessians who fought our revolutionary ancestors—have recently been resisting those laws they have sworn to sustain, by marching through the streets, rioting, mobbing, and murdering lawful citizens, who opposed them. These are John C. Breckinridge's "law-abiding, good citizens." They are the Hessians of demagogues.

A WARNING.—The conservatism of the American party upon the question of slavery even in New Hampshire, is fully admitted in the following significant paragraph which we find in the New Hampshire Independent Democrat. Let Southern men read it, and say whether the Democratic press at the South is not attempting to deceive them when it represents the Know-Nothing movement as an Abolition movement—notwithstanding the fact that Seward, Greeley, Read, and the whole crew of Northern Abolitionists are out, as one man, against it. Here is what the New Hampshire Democrat says:

"We would not disguise nor deny the fact that there is danger that the Know Nothing, or American organization will be perverted into an alliance with Southern slavery. It will require the efforts of all the true men belonging to it to save it from the fate which has overtaken the Whig and Democratic parties."

A bill practically to annul the provisions of the Fugitive Slave Act has been defeated in the New York Assembly by a majority of 20. The K. N.'s voted against the bill.

Rev. Wm. H. Forsythe will address the people of this county on Political Popery, next County Court day.—Come one! come all!

We understand that the young folks of this place and vicinity intend to have a social May-day picnic on next Tuesday, in Capt. Wm. T. Remmon's beautiful woods, just above town.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE!—REMEMBER that the Pierce Anti-Democratic, Anti-American, Sag-Nicht administration have some 600 ABOLITIONISTS holding office!

It may be a matter of astonishment to some of our Democratic friends, to learn that Major Breckinridge does the American cause more substantial service than any orator they have in the field. Saturday evening, after the speech of the Major, 'Sam' had the pleasure of enrolling a goodly number of gallant recruits from the Democratic ranks, who preferred the 'star and stripe brotherhood' to the 'cowl and cassock' of His Holiness.

The Louisville American Reveille, is the title of a very neat little sheet just started in Louisville. It is all right on the great question that is now agitating the American people, and is ably conducted. Our old friend and predecessor, John Atkinson, Esq., is the publisher, in connection with which, he carries on an extensive Job-Office, known as the 'City Job-Office. Success to the publisher and the paper.

BABIES.—We like to see a baby, for we know there is a domestic heaven somewhere. In fact babies and happiness are as inseparable as spring-time and flowers. We have seen an innocent little babe, nestled in its mother's arms, sleeping, as calm, and bright, and beautiful, as a maiden's face, when lost in reverie; her soul is bathing in a sea of love! We have watched sweet smiles flitting across its little face, and we could not help believing that angels were whispering to it. We have seen it sleeping unmoved while the elements were warring furiously outside, and the din of the elemental strife made the house tremble from rafters to foundation-stone, yet it awoke not, for it was in its mother's arms, and it 'feared no evil! What a lesson of trust for the Christian! Who does not love a baby? Christ did, for he said 'of such is the Kingdom of Heaven! Again, say we, we like to see a baby; and, although it may be selfish, (for we have no baby of our own), we cannot look upon a little, smiling, roguish face, without wishing we had a hundred! We were led to the above remarks, by Mrs. FINLEY sending her little ADELIZA to our sanctum.—God bless the babies!

THE KENTUCKY FLAG.—In our remarks on the article of the 'Flag,' commenting on a former article of ours, in relation to the naturalization case at Paris, we intended nothing personally offensive to the Junior editor, to whom it seems we were replying. For that gentleman we entertain a high regard; and our relations with him have ever been of the most friendly character. He is a young man of superior abilities, and, in every sense, a true gentleman. We know that he enjoys the universal esteem of the community in which he lives. We predict for him a brilliant editorial career; his scholarship and talents, we can say, without flattery, will make him an ornament to the editorial profession, anywhere.

We will say, in this connection, that in our occasional contests with other papers, we discriminate between the paper and its editor; and however tart our remarks may appear, they are aimed at the paper; not at the editor. We regard a newspaper as a sort of corporation, an artificial person, to speak after the manner of lawyers, capable of suing and being sued, of prosecuting and defending, of abusing and being abused. God forbid! that their editors should be confounded with them, in the fierce contests they often have with each other. Editors, as a class, we regard as the cleverest set of fellows living. We belong to them; all our hopes in life are embarked in their fraternity. We, therefore, feel in reference to them to all, a genuine *esprit de corps*—a fraternal and brotherly regard. We wish for them all the fullest measure of prosperity and happiness.

"Are we going to have a war with Spain?" seems to be the principal question among the 'Young Americas' of this village. We regret that we are unable to answer their question. They should ask some Sag Nicht in the confidence of Mr. Pierce.

SOUL, 'twas thought to Cuba have,
Would wade through smoke and fire;
It seems, however, his game was but
OSTENSIBLY to buy her.

But that fair Isle still clings to Spain,
And of it we must ease her;
So CESAR DODGE is sent, who's up
To any DODGE to SEIZE HER.

So we would not be at all astonished if Spain should be handled without MARY during the present Cabinet deliberations.

THE GREAT DISCOVERY, KROLLERION!
FOR CURLING THE HAIR!
FOR many years it has been the object of deepest study by chemists and philosophers, to produce a fluid that applied to the hair, would cause it to wave and curl in beauty to the natural curl.

THE KROLLERION
Is the only article ever offered, the world that will effect this most desirable object. But three or four applications are necessary to curl the hair as much as may be desired, and for any length of time. From the many testimonials of those who have used it, the subscriber does not hesitate to warrant the KROLLERION to give satisfaction, and prove as recommended in all cases. The recipe for making, with full directions for use, will be sent on the receipt of one dollar, post paid. The ingredients will not cost over 12 cents.

Direct to
H. A. FREEMONT,
Watson, Trumull Co., Ohio.

april 19-3 mo.

J. H. FITZGUGH. L. H. FITZGUGH.
J. H. FITZGUGH & BROTHER.
DEALERS IN FOREIGN & DOMESTIC
HARDWARE & CUTLERY
CARPENTER'S AND SMITH'S TOOLS,
WITH EVERY
FARMING IMPLEMENTS,
MAGNOLIA BUILDING, MADISON STREET,
COVINGTON, KY.
April, 19 35-1 y.

Result of Northern Elections.

It turns out, on examination, that the Know Nothing victories in the recent Congressional elections, do not, after all, indicate a general opposition to the Nebraska bill, at the North. It seems that even many of those who voted against the Nebraska bill; but who opposed the principles of the American party, were rejected, where they offered themselves for re-election. Know Nothingism and not Anti-Nebraskaism was the controlling element in these Northern elections. The New York Herald says:

Now, what are the facts in reference to this "great principle" of "hostility to slavery extension?" Has the anti-slavery excitement upon the Nebraska bill effected the wonderful achievements which the Seward organs claim for it so lustily?—Let us see. From a careful examination of the new Congress, we find that there have been—

Anti-Nebraska men rejected. 28
Anti-Nebraska men re-elected. 35
Nebraska men rejected. 15
Nebraska men re-elected. 31

With these results, excepting Missouri and Arkansas, the South have had nothing to do. The proofs, therefore, are against this anti-Nebraska agitation.—It has substantially accomplished little or nothing; for nearly as many anti-Nebraska candidates for Congress have been rejected as have been elected, and there is every reason to believe that there will be a respectable majority in the new House of Representatives against any repeal of the Nebraska bill.

LATEST NEWS ITEMS.

Out of one hundred and twenty-nine appointments by Faran, the Sag-Nicht Mayor of Cincinnati, sixty-one are foreigners!

Sixteen companies of mulatto militia have been raised and placed on duty at Havana.

The steamers Illinois and North Star, for California, and the steamer Washington for Bremen, sailed from New York on Saturday last, taking \$1,233,000 in specie.

The N. O. Delta of the 15th inst. says that Mr. Marcy had telegraphed there to inquire about the citizenship of Estrampes, who was recently executed at Havana. The records show that he arrived in New Orleans in 1844, and took the proper steps to acquire the rights of citizenship, when he would come of age.

Arrison, the torpedo man, at Cincinnati, applied to the District Court, on Saturday, for a writ of error and new trial, which motion the court granted, and the question goes to the Supreme Court on a point of law, which, if he decided against him, he will be executed on the 11th May next.

It is stated that Fletcher Webster is a sharer with Col. Kinney and Mr. Fabens in the Central American enterprise.

We are authorized to announce F. KENNEDY, Esq., of Paris, as a candidate for the office of Commonwealth's Attorney, in this (the Ninth) Judicial District, at the election on the first Saturday in May.

We are authorized to announce THOS. B. ARNETT, as a candidate for the office of Constable in the Eighth, or Leesburgh District.

We are authorized to announce J. MC. KIMBROUGH, a candidate for the office of Magistrate, in the 5th or Leesburgh District.

We are authorized to announce WM. MAUGEE, a candidate for the office of Constable in the Cynthiana District at the next May election.

We are authorized to announce L. B. DICKERSON, of Scott county, the present incumbent, a candidate for the office of Attorney for the Commonwealth, in the Ninth Judicial District at the next May election.

We are authorized to announce Mr. H. C. IRELAND as a candidate for Constable in the Cynthiana District.

NEW CASH STORE!

Corner of Main and Pike Streets.
HAS just been opened by the undersigned, in the room recently occupied by CURT & ANDERSON. There will be kept a fine assortment of Staple Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, all of which will be sold at 50 per cent cheaper than can be had elsewhere. We solicit a share of the public patronage. Give us a call. No trouble to show goods.
Apr. 19 35-1 y. W. L. NORTHCUTT.

Thrashing Machine,

Manufactured at Hamilton, Butler Co., Ohio. Owners, Lane and Dryden Foundries and Machine Works, New York, will have ready for sale the coming season, a full supply of both sizes of MOFFITT'S Patent Thrashing Machine. This Machine having the highest premium at the World's Fair in London, at the Crystal Palace Fair in New York, at the State Fairs in Ohio and Indiana, and all places where it has been tested, now stands at the head of all known Thrashing Machines, in the amount and perfection of its work.
Crawfords Clover Hullers, furnished to order.
Orders from a distance, or communications in relation to these Machines promptly attended to.
April 19, 1855.—4ms.

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COVINGTON, KY.
April, 19 35-1 y.

The Great Northern Trotter and Sure Foot-Getter.

Ned Forrest,

Will stand the present season at my place, 14 miles above Cynthiana, on the Covington and Lexington Railroad, and will be allowed to drive horses at the low price of \$8 for a colt, and \$10 for a yearling.
There is no other horse in the country has been allowed to drive horses at such a low price, as Ned Forrest, as a premium, as the following will prove.

Ned Forrest was got by the celebrated northern trotting horse Young Bashaw, and was sired by the Arabian Grand Bashaw, who was imported from Tripoli by Capt. Joseph C. Morgan, who resided there several years, and selected him with great care from the best stock of horses in that country. His dam was sired by the great race horse First Consul; his grand dam by old Messenger; his great grand dam by imported Redoubt. Ned Forrest's dam was by the favorite trotting horse Saltpetre, and of a full blood Morgan mare.

Thus it will be seen that while the stock upon the sire's side is of the pure, undegenerated Arabian, that of the dam is the very best American, which is presumed to be sufficient recommendation. No trial out in time and get colts that will pay for raising.
MASSANA SMITH.

THE celebrated JACK, BUCK-HAWK, will stand at the same time and place, at \$6 to insure a colt.

For further particulars, apply to M. SMITH, at my office, as above, or to J. B. Silver Cup, who will be given for the best colt of Ned's set, to be shown in Cynthiana on the 24th of September 1855.

Last Appeal!

MY Friends and Patrons will not be offended, I trust, should they find their notes and accounts placed in other hands after this week—as I am determined to close my affairs as soon as possible.

I have given them more than reasonable notice, and cannot wait longer.
Cynthiana, April 1855. A. NEWAUFF.

Mantillas and Patterns.

GEO. LEWIS, Manufacturer and exclusive Dealer in Mantillas and Patterns, 79 Fourth street, three doors from Vine, and 65 Fifth street, corner of Lodge, CINCINNATI, O.

I have now a full stock of Mantillas, varying from two to fifty Dollars.
MERCHANTS will find it to their advantage to give me a call, as I keep a large stock suited to the country trade.

DRESS-MAKERS and all desirous of obtaining elegant styles of Patterns for Waists, Sleeves, Bosoms, Morn'g Gowns, Boys and Misses' Suits, will find a complete stock at my establishments, either of plain or trimmed, to suit purchasers.
Materials furnished by Merchants or private customers manufactured to order.
GEO. LEWIS,
79 Fourth street, and 65 Fifth-st., corner of Lodge, Cincinnati, O.

Take Notice.

AS it is my intention to close business in this place, (the jewelry business), I make known to my friends and customers, that their accounts due me must be settled immediately, or be sent out to the hands of the undersigned, as an officer. All Watches and jewelry left at my establishment for repair, must be taken out by the first of MAY, 1855—if not taken up by that time, they will be sold at auction to pay charges.
April 5 1855-41.

LOOK HERE.

JUST received, direct from the eastern market, a large and elegant stock of Spring and Summer Goods, embracing the newest and most elegant designs of the season—to which we respectfully invite attention. Call on us at once, and we will be pleased to show you the goods.
Cynthiana, apr 5-27-55. JAMES SHARP.

DRY GOODS FOR SPRING & SUMMER.

WILLIAM LEE & CO., No. 74 West Fourth street, CINCINNATI, Ohio, have just received a large and elegant stock of Spring and Summer Goods, embracing the newest and most elegant designs of the season—to which we respectfully invite attention. Call on us at once, and we will be pleased to show you the goods.
SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS:
Embroderies and Laces, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., &c. Linens, Muslins, and all kinds of plain fabrics, Housekeeping Goods, in great variety. Also: Goods for Men and Boys' Wear. If Business conducted on the one price principle, and no goods will be sold at a discount, as can be ascertained by any house engaged in a regular business. Persons visiting Cincinnati are respectfully invited to call and examine goods and prices.
april 27

HIGH SCHOOL.

THE undersigned, having recently received a very convenient and commodious School Room, at Mrs. W. W. WOOD, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Cynthiana and vicinity, that he has commenced a school for young ladies and gentlemen, and will be very thankful for a liberal patronage.

The Latest and Best Improvement of the Age.

Star corn Mill or Crusher.

THE attention of Planters, Farmers and Stock-feeders in general, is respectfully called to this Mill as the most important and useful invention of the age. It has been adapted for crushing corn in the ear than any other Mill ever offered to the public. So much so that no gentleman, farmer or stock-feeder, who has a corn crop, can afford to neglect it on account of the cost being well justified. (The cost is very small, and the gain is large.) In setting this Mill a boy 10 years old can adjust it in 15 minutes. It is a simple, unimpeachable and durable machine, and will crush more corn than any other mill of the kind. It will crush more corn than any mill of the kind ever offered to the public, and will warrant, and if they are broken, will give them another. Mill, and give them purchaser ample time to pay for them; if he has the time to pay for the Mill, he will discount 10 per cent, and give them 10 per cent more. It is a difference of 25 per cent. between this Mill and any other offered for sale.

The Fine Horse,

Star Highlander.

WILL stand the present season at my stable, 5 miles from Cynthiana, and one mile east of Broadwell, and will be allowed to drive horses at the low price of \$8 for a colt, and \$10 for a yearling.
He is a beautiful brown full blooded horse, and 9 years old this spring; is the size of more premium saddle and harness colts than any other horse now in the western world.
PEDIGREE—Star Highlander was sired by J. Veach's Highlander, and he by Dowling's Brown Highlander; Star Highlander's dam was sired by the Arabian Grand Bashaw, who was imported from Tripoli by Capt. Joseph C. Morgan, who resided there several years, and selected him with great care from the best stock of horses in that country. His dam was sired by the great race horse First Consul; his grand dam by old Messenger; his great grand dam by imported Redoubt. Ned Forrest's dam was by the favorite trotting horse Saltpetre, and of a full blood Morgan mare.

ALL SECTIONS.

WE are now opening an entire new stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, hardware, &c. We intend to keep general assortment of goods, and will be pleased to see our customers, as we are out of the question. We want—2-400 lbs. Bacon; 1,000 bushels Corn; Rye, Oats, Wheat, Potatoes, &c.
Also—1,000 cords of good hard wood, delivered at our station; 4,000 Shingles; 2,000 Sawn Spikes, oak. Also—Any quantity of lumber, at the lowest prices in such cases, saw logs, and \$500 worth of the best wood of swamp Ash, of second growth, and \$500 worth of best Hickory, 12 feet long and 15 to 24 inches in diameter. (April 25th)

Proclamation.

To the Voters of the Ninth Judicial District.

WHEREAS, a vacancy exists in the office of Commonwealth's Attorney for the Ninth Judicial District, Kentucky, by the resignation of Richard H. Hanson, Esq., therefore, I, Arvin Daywell, Judge of the Judicial Circuit, do hereby call upon the voters of the said district, to elect a successor to the said office, at a public election, to be held on the first Saturday in May next, at the several precincts and places of voting in the several counties composing said district, to fill the said vacancy.

Given under my hand at Cynthiana, the 5th day of April, 1855.

april 28-41. A. DEVAL.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

New Jewelry Establishment.

WATCHES REPAIRED.—The undersigned, having taken the stand heretofore occupied by Brown & Co., will continue the business of repairing watches, and will be pleased to see our customers, as we are out of the question. We want—2-400 lbs. Bacon; 1,000 bushels Corn; Rye, Oats, Wheat, Potatoes, &c.
Also—1,000 cords of good hard wood, delivered at our station; 4,000 Shingles; 2,000 Sawn Spikes, oak. Also—Any quantity of lumber, at the lowest prices in such cases, saw logs, and \$500 worth of the best wood of swamp Ash, of second growth, and \$500 worth of best Hickory, 12 feet long and 15 to 24 inches in diameter. (April 25th)

